LIEUX.-GOY. WOODRUFF TRREATENS

the Bennier Befuses to Wield the Bleer and Criticises the Parliamentary Knowledge of the Chair and Scanter Eleventh-The 87,000,000 Causi Bill in Defeated. ALBANY, March 30 .- About three weeks ago was positively announced that there would be no canal legislation of an affirmative character this year. Yesterday Senator Pavey's cisive majority in the Senate, To-day the Senate gave the death blow to the Cantor-Hill bill to submit to popular vote the proposition of spending \$7,000,000 more on the canal improvements already undertaken. Senator Pavey,

ly through the efforts of the advocates of further expenditures, turned up today on their side, his ground being that if the canals were not to be turned over to the Federal Government for Improvement the State should continue its work upon them. This action upon his part so angered Senators Ellaworth and Raines, who stood out against any action at all until the work of the Canal Investigation Committee has been concluded, that the Senate was thrown into an uproar for the first time this year, and Senator Pavey was threatened with ejectment from the chamber. The subject was first brought up by Senator

Canter's motion, of which he gave notice last night, to suspend the rules for the passage of the Cantor-Hill bill. After a brief debate this was voted down, 23 to 22. This was very much closer than the advocates of the \$7,000,000 bill had expected and aroused some hope on their part that if the five Senators who were absent ald be brought in the bill might be passed. With this in view, Senator Pavey immediately moved to take from the table a motion made last week to discharge the Finance Committee from further consideration of the Canter-Hill MIL Senator Ellsworth made the point of order that this was practically identical with the notion test voted on. Lieut.-Gov. Woodruff held that the point was not well taken, and Senstor Ellsworth appealed. Senator Pavey, speaking to the appeal, again plunged into a discusion of the canal problem. He yielded the floor emporarily for Senator Raines to move a call of the Senate, in order to secure the presence of the absent Senators. The call lasted for nearly three-quarters of an hour. Then, on Senator Ellsworth's motion, it was suspended. Senator Pavey immediately resumed the floor and pro-ceeded with his speech. Senators Ellsworth and Raines tried to stop him on the ground that he had vielded the floor.

"I claim that I have the right to speak," shouted Senator Pavey. "I yielded the floor only for a call of the Senate. I am going on with my argument, and you can't stop me." Senator Ellsworth, hoping to choke Pavey off, withdrew his appeal, which was the pending

"I refuse to give way," said Senator Pavey. "for either Senator Ellsworth or the Chair." "I move," said Senator Ellsworth, his face flushed with anger, "that the Sergeant-at-Arms pe directed to remove the Senator from the chamber unless he desists." The Democrats and a few of the Republicans

umped to their feet. "He can't do it! Out of order!" they shouted

Senators Payey and Cantor declared that Sen ator Ellsworth could not make this motion while Senator Pavey had the floor, and Senator Pavey ontinued his remarks.
"Senator Elisworth," he said, "knew no more

about the rules than the least intelligent of the page boys. Yet we have had the spectacle of being held practically in recess to permit him to instruct the Chair as to how he

"That is absolutely false," interposed Lieut.-Gov. Woodruff, taking a hand in the mix-up. If the Senator does not withdraw that remark will have him removed from the floor." "No you won't! You can't do it!" came the

horus of Democrats again. Senator Pavey said that if he was mistaken in his statement in regard to the Chair, he would withdraw it. Senator Raines then moved to lay Pavey's motion on the table. This motion cuts off all debate, except what the Senators may say in explaining their votes on the roll call. Senator Cantor said that the presiding officer was treading on dang crous ground in such revolutionary proceedings. The Governor was responsible for the failure to pass the bill. The Senate was no longer a representative body, but was dominated by the Executive. Senator Foley said that the action of the majority was a confession of its ignorance of the rules. Senator Pavay's motion was not in order, but the Republican leaders hadn't sufficient intelligence to raise the point when it was first made. He branded the majority as cowards for cutting off debate by a motion to lay on the table. They admitted, by their action in choking off all canal legislation, that the \$9,000,000 spent on the canals had been stolen.

"I am not responsible," said Senator Pavey, for the dense ignorance of parliamentary law displayed by Senator Elisworth. The presiding efficer has confessed that he knows still less about it. By reason of this combination of ignorance in two presents in two presidents. stor Cantor said that the presiding officer was

officer has confessed that he knows still less about it. By reason of this combination of ignorance I have been twice deprived of my constitutional right to debate. The leaders of the Republican party have stiffed all methods of assistance for the canals, but in the campaign this fall they cannot escape their responsibility for doing so."

Benator Raines attacked Senator Passage him the campaign this paying him.

doing so."

Benator Raines attacked Senator Pavey, comparing him to those persons in Revolutionary times who were on either or both sides, as the circumstances made advisable,

First, he joined those who were against the \$7,000,000 proposition, he said. "Now we find him with those whom he betrayed and whom he intended to betray. He is trying to square himself, but the people will recognize a fraud whovever they see it.

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"First, he joined those who were against the \$7,000,000 proposition," he said. "Now we find him with those whom he betrayed and whom he intended to betray. He is trying to square himself, but the people will recognize a fraud wherever they see it.

Pavey's motion was finally laid on the table by a vote of 33 to 18. Senator Pavey asked unanimous consent to withdraw his vote in order that he might reply briefly to Senator Raines. This is usually permitted, but Senator Raines. The season that a number of hills of suspicious character which have hung fire for some time make their appearance on the calendar. Several of these came up in the Senate yesterday. A few of them were passed, the well-disposed members counting on their failing of passage by the Assembly or their vote by the Governor. Many of them were killed outright, recommitted, or laid aside. The same thing happened to-day and it will happen again tomorrow, before the final adjournment at noon. One of the bills passed to-day by the Senate by a bare masority was one of Senator Cantor's to amend section 24 of the Stock Corporation law. This bill has gone through a series of remarkable changes. It was introduced six weeks ago, four days after the passage of the Ellsworth bill, which exempted railroad corporations from the provisions of section 24, which restrict the issue of bonds of a corporation to the amount of its capital stock. The purpose of the Ellsworth bill, which exempted railroad corporations from the provisions of section 24, which restrict the issue of bonds of a corporation to the amount of its capital stock. The purpose of the Cantor bill was when it was first noticed, one of its effects, according to experts in corporation law, would be to repeal substantially the Ellsworth bill and to make the proposed consolidation impossible. It proposed to refinate scope of Folderal pri

hamber.

Hr. Eldridge's, making it a misdemeaner to sell or five away a transfer ticket insued by a street railing, and forbidding the use of such a ticket by author than the person to whom it is issued.

Hr. Nizon's, authorising the Supervisors of each custy to provide for holding town meetings at the most the general elections, a substitute for a bill candatory on all counties, which had to be aban-

fr. Bairre, to prevent "ringing in" horses in races prohibiting fraudulent entries and practices, ension Fage's, providing that notice of saic of tensi properly to satisfy liens shall be agreed upon passion for whose account the same is held, ingoing upon the whose second the same is held, ingoing upon the owner.

hall be borne by the State, so well as their mainte Chalman to the Court of Appeads.

All, E. C. Brensan a subscrating the Sinking Fund Countries to transact a subscrating the Sinking Fund Commission to transact to the Brooklyn Free Library a school litrary building and lot in Brooklyn Free Library as school litrary building and lot in Brooklyn Free Library as subscrating that if a matried woman, because of an inderestment contract or guaranty or surelyship, or a promise to pay the debt of to shawer for the default or liability of another person, obtains, directly or indirectly, any immer, property or other thing of value, including a commary supplies for the support of herself or her children, she shall be for the support of herself or her children, she shall be liable thereon as though she were numaried.

Mr. Tiffany's, providing for payment for services readered to the city of Brooklyn by volunteer firemen of Fluctuah.

Er. Hoffman's, providing for the payment of election officers in New York county whose pay was withheld by the Comprisite on technical grounds.

Br. Tiffany's, providing for payment for services rendered to the city of brooklyn by volunteer fire mean of Fleshush.

Br. Boffmen's, providing for the payment of election officers in New York county whose pay was withheld by the Comprobler on technical grounds.

Mr. Tiffany's, providing that the proceeds from sales of school innds in Brooklyn shall go to the borough School Board.

Mr. Perkins's, to prevent larcemy by false presence by making the agent responsible for his own misrepresentations of his principal's financial standing.

Senator Pays's, suthorizing Fire Commissioner Scannell to place on the pension roll any chief engineer who served prior to 1873.

Br. McEwan's, providing that no printing or photoengraving shall be done in any state prison, penitualizing, or reformatory for the State or any political division thereof, or for any public institution owned or managed and controlled by the State, or any such political division, except such printing as may be required or used in the penal and State charitable institutions and the reports of the Commission of Prisons and the Superintendent of Prisons, and all printing required in their offices.

The Assembly reconsidered its action of last week and passed by a vote of ayes 83, noes 64, Senator Burns's life insurance bill, the most important requirement of which is that where any right exists to recover from a life insurance company on a lapsed or forfeited policy, based on the fallure of the company to serve the policy bolder with the notices required by law, the action must be commenced within six months. The bill was attacked by Messra. Armstrong, Palmer, Green, and others, who renewed the arguments made against the bill when it came up last week and was defeated. It was at that time that Mr. Armstrong read the note from Senator Burns introducing a New York city lawyer, and inferred that the best of motives did not prompt the introducing a how York city lawyer, and inferred that the position of some converned and a firm desire to do the origint thing,

bly to-day by a vote of ayes 67, noes 50. The bill lacked 9 of the required affirmative vote to pass it.

Senator Ford's bill prescribing shorter hours for New York city drug clerks passed the Assembly to-day and now goes to the Governor. The bill is estansibly designed to prevent accidents and mistakes in the preparation of medical prescriptions, and provides that no person engaged in such work in any pharmacy or drug store shall be required or permitted by the proprietor to work more than ten hours on any week day other than Saturday, and not more than twelve hours on Saturdays or six hours on Sundays and legal holidays. The working of one hour overtime on any day except Sunday for the purpose of making a shorter workday, provided that the aggregate number of hours a week does not exceed sixty-six, is permitted. An employee in a pharmacy or drug store shall not be allowed to sleep therein, or in any storeroom or laboratory conceted therewith. The sleeping of an employee in any other room adjoining such pharmacy or drug store is not prohibited if such room is properly ventilated and complies with the sanitary regulations of the city Board of Heaith. This board shall adopt rules and ordinances for the enforcement of this act, and also such additional regulations to prevent accidents in the compounding of prescriptions as the unbile security may require.

Senator Pavey's bill authorising New York city to expand \$100,000 te establish a farm colony for the detention of men convicted of vagrancy or habitual drunkenness and for their reformation and instruction in agriculture, horticulture, and simple handicrafts was defeated on final passage in the Assembly to-day, receiving but 11 affirmative votes to 62 against. Nearly all the New York city members opposed the measure, and many others refrained from voting.

Assemblyman Oliver and other friends of Senator Descriptions at the subject of apprenticent of the apprenticent of the second plant of the measure, and many others refrained from voting.

ting. Assemblyman Oliver and other friends of Sen-

day. The bill was passed by a vote of \$1 to 40. It is in the interest of the Hon. Patrick Divver and a few other former Police Justices who are not lawyers.

The Assembly defeated by a vote of ayes 35. nose 60, a resolution offered by Mr. Hill requesting the Senate to return to the possession of the House, without action thereon, Mr. Fitz-gerald's bill incorporating Thomas A. McIntyre. Evan Thomas, K. G. Burgess, Vincent Loeser, Turner A. Beall, and Arthur M. McKnight as the Morchants' Transportation and Storage Company, with a capital of \$100,000 and privilege to increase to \$5,000,000. The company is authorized to operate their own boats between New York city and western take ports, by the Hudson River, Eric Canal, and the great lakes. Mr. Hill asserted this company was organised in the interest of the railroad companies, and that it would drive the individual canal boatmen out of business.

Mr. Fitzgerald declared the operations of this company would do much to restore the commercial supremacy of the State and the port of New York. He said it was unjust that Mr. Hill should now make this motion in the interest of a person present on the floor who is opposed to the bill. Mr. Fitzgerald then called the attention of Speaker O'Grady to the presence of Erastus Wiman, who, he said, was endeavoring to accomplish the defeat of his measure. This ended the incident and Mr. Wiman remained where he was. When the bill reached the Senate it was recommitted. This kills it.

The contests over the seats held by Assemblymen Lowenthal (Rep., New York city) and Hubbard (Bem., Kings) were dismissed by the Assembly 10-day, when the Committee on Privileges and Elections submitted its report. The committee found there was no evidence to sustain Thomas J. Hayden's claim to Mr. Lowenthal's seat and also reported that John E. Thorn had withdrawn as a contestant for Mr. Hubbard's seat.

The Assembly passed these bills:

Senator Elizavorth's, appropristing \$2,000 and naming Asa Bird Gardiner, James M. Varnum, George

Senator Ellaworth's, appropriating \$2,000 and naming Asa Bird Gardiner, James M. Varnum, George W. Olney, Henry Blarton Chapin, Henry H. Hollater, and Charles H. Russell as a commission to supervise the removal, with appropriate ullitary occasionalist from the town of Yorktown, Westchester county, to Newpork, E. L. the remains of Col. Christopher Green and Major Ebenerer Flagg of the First Regiment of Rhode Island, Tenth Infantry, who were rilled on May 14, 1781, on the picket lines near Pine Bridge, in Westchester county, while serving in defence of this State, and in order to erect in Newport a suitable memorial or tables in recognition of such services.

services.
Senator Brackett's, abolishing Coroners' juries except in cities of the first class.
Senator Cantor's, providing that water rents levied in Manhattan and Bronz boroughs prior to last Jun. 1 may be paid to the Receiver of Taxes until next June 1

Senator Cantor's, providing that water rents levied in Manhattan and Bronx boroughs prior to last Jan. 1 may be paid to the Receiver of Taxes until next Juns 1.

Senator Tibbita's, providing that the piers on the East River in New York city, between the west side of Pier 8, shall, between the Gof Pier 8 and the east side of Pier 8, shall, between March 1 and Dec. 81 of each year, be, sot apart for the exclusive and free use of canal boats and barges from up the Hudson River above Casileton, or coming to tidewater from the canals of the State, and for the use of lighters engaged in loading and unloading such boats.

Senator Pavey's, providing that commissioners appointed in proceedings for the condemnation of real property within New York and Kings counties shall be ruttiled to such additional compensation, not exceeding \$25 a day, as may be awarded by the court. Senator Coggeshall's, making it a Judemeanor for a person to represent binself as a member of a labor organization which is defunded.

Senator Highle's, permitting the wild Monsolian ringuesked pheanants to be hunted, snared and rapped in Suffolk county between Oct. I and Jan. 81. Senator Highle's, permitting the wild Monsolian regulating private detectives and detective agencies. Senator Wieman's, two bills continuing in office Randolph Fuller, as inspector of construction and repairs of public buildings in Kings county and George Suchanan, as keeper of the Kings county Major Van Wyck.

Senator Wara's, providing that any person who has served as a Foice Justice in the boroughs of Richmond, Queens and Brooklyn for two years shall be eligible to appointment by the Mayor of New York city as a Police Magietrate or a Justice of the Court of Special Sessions, second division.

eity as a Police Magistrate or a Justice of the Court of Special Seasions, second division. Senator Shepherd's, providing that an electric light corporation actually energed in furnishing heat and power may extend its business so as to include the furnishing of heat and power by or from steam, senator Grady's, in reasing the salary of stenog-raphers in the New York city court from \$2,000 to \$3,000.

ALBANY, March 30,-Gov. Black to-day has signed the following bills: Mr. Wallace's, authorizing the Queens county Treasurer to create a fund to liquidate annual ar-

rearges of taxes. Mr. Sear's, providing that no mutual insurance company located in New York city shall transact business until it has 400 applicants, citizens of the State, each owning property within the State to the value of at least \$5,000, and that no other company have 200 applicants each owning resi estate to the value of \$2,000. Mr. Nixon's, appropriation n any other county shall do business unless it shall nave you applicants each owning rest estate to the value of \$2,000.

Mr. Nizon's, appropriating \$800,000 for the support and maintenance of the State prisons, and \$2,000 for incidental expenses of the Department of the State Superintendent of Prisons.

Mr. Witter's, providing that the manufacturers of butter, oheses, or condensed milk shall not keep milk in unclean vessels or amid unantiary surroundings, and giving the Commissioner of Agriculture jurisdiction to see that the law is compiled with.

Mr. Armstrong's, providing for the registration of attorneys at law authorized to practice in courte of record in this State.

Sensator Highe's, creating a special Deputy Excise Commissioner for the borough of Richmond.

Bension Person's, authorizing towns and ottics of

Gov. Black has now disposed of all the ten-day bills which remained in his hands. It is understood that he will leave the city to-mor-row, after the final adjournment of the Legisla-ture, to remain away for several days. He goes to seek a short rest before taking up the thirty-day bills for consideration. He will be within easy reach of this city in case an emergency should arise in consequence of the Cuban troubles.

ALBANY, March 30 .- Superintendent Skinner of the State Department of Public Instruction has created a new bureau in his department. It is to be known as the Bureau of Teachers' Instireachers' institutes, will be Prof. Isaac H. Stout of Geneva, at a salary of \$4,000. Superintendent Skinner has also appointed as Institute Conductor, in the place of Prof. Stout, Darwin L. Bardwell of the Cortland Normal School. The Salary is \$2,500. John J. N. Symes of New York city has been appointed an additional inspector under the Compulsory Education law to serve in the department. His salary will be \$1,500.

ALBANY, March 30.-The City Telephone Company of New York city was incorporated by the Secretary of State to-day with a capital of \$100,000 to operate a telegraph and telephon system in New York city and to Albany and system in New York city and to Albany and Boston and the intermediate places in New York, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut; also on Long Island to Montauk Point, and to Jersey City and Philadelphia and the intermediate places between the same. The directors are Thomas D. Bowen, Frederick D. Britton. William F. Chester, and Jacob Schwartz of New York city, John H. Hingle of Rutherford, N. J.; William J. Kelley of Jersey City, and William J. Scott of Port Richmond.

GRAND JUROR OLSEN'S SUICIDE.

the Brooklyn Official Scandal. Coroner Berger held an inquest last night in he case of H. D. Olsen, the patent medicine manufacturer, who was found dead on the floor of his office at 331 Adams street, Brooklyn, early on Monday morning, with a bullst wound in the heart. Mr. Olsen was a member of the Grand Jury that found indictments against Police Commissioner Philips, former City Works Commissioner Willis, and seven other ex-officials in Brooklyn. Mrs. Alfred M. Hild, the daughter of Mr. Olsen, and her husband testified that for two weeks before his death Mr. Olsen had been acting queerly. This, they surmised, was due to his worrying over some letters he had received from unknown persons. These letters, which were read at the inquest, were as follows: "Kindly advise us when we can see you." "Please o see you at the Clarendon Hotel." "Come to New irk Sunday night. We will meet you."

Mrs. Hild said that her father had told her that these letters referred to a bribe of \$10,000 which had been offered to him in connection with the Grand Jury investigation. She said she asked him if he intended to accept the bribe, and he said he did not. Mr. Hild said Mr. with the Crand Jury investigation. See Sate she saked him if he intended to accept the bribe, and he said he did not. Mr. Hild said Mr. Olsen accommanied him as far as the Montauk Theatre on Sunday night, and that when he arrived home he found a letter in his pocket which had been written by Mr. Olsen and slipped in his pocket. The letter intimated Mr. Olsen's purpose to kill himself. He then went to Mr. Olsen's office and made the discovery. Charles Parker, who was employed by Mr. Olsen, testified that a strange man about 5 feet 11 inches in height, thick set, and with a dark mustache had called at the office on Saturday to see Mr. Olsen. The witness said he had frequently seen this man about the public buildings in Brooklyn.

Assistant District Attorney Clarke, who conducted the Grand Jury investigation, testified that he was unable to learn anything about the letters or the tall, dark-mustached stranger.

Undertaker George H. Henderson testified that Mr. Olsen had called at his place about ten days ago, and said he was in trouble and was going to commit suicide.

Detective Sergeant McCormick testified that three shots had been fired from the revolver, one lodging in the rung of a chair, another in the floor under the desk, and the third in Mr. Olsen's heart. The revolver was old and rusty, and the police theory was that Mr. Olsen had fired the first two shots so as to make sure that the weapon was in working order. The jury returned a verdict of death from a pistol-shot wound self-inflicted.

Albert E. Lamb. The other indicted men were present. They were former Deputy City Works Commissioner Robert W. Fielding, former Aldermen Joseph R. Clarke and William H. Leaycraft, former Inspector Frederick Milne, former Water Purveyor Oscar Knapp, former Warrant Clerk A. Laurence Jensen, and former Superintendent of Sewers William H. Goff. Through counsel they pleaded not guilty, with permission within ten days to change the plea and demur to the indictments.

De Lancey Nicoll moved for an order directing the District Attorney to furnish to the defendants a copy of the Grand Jury minutes.

"The District Attorney." said Judge Aspinall, "will. I presume, have no objection to this."

"Of course I must object," said District Attorney Marcan. "There are many reasons. However, I am compelled to leave the matter to the discretion of the court."

Mr. Nicoll said the defendants had not had a hearing before a Magistrate, and it was the universal custom to allow the defendants to see the minutes. Judge Aspinall said the defendants should be allowed to see the minutes.

"This evidence was taken behind closed doors by the Grand Jury, a relic of the middle ages," said Judge Aspinall. "These men know nothing about the evidence upon which they are indicted. In the interest of justice they should have not only inspection, but a copy of the minutes, and I so order."

WHY LAURA BOOTHE DIED. James S. Lee Says She Milled Herself from

James S. Lee, the acting manager of "The Foundling" company, with which Laura Boothe, who was found dead in her bed in the New Amsterdam Hotel on Monday night of a bullet wound, was connected, surrendered himself yesterday at the Coroners' office.

The police had been looking for Lee ever

since Laura Boothe was found dead. Yester-

ince Laura Boothe was found dead. Yesterday morning Mr. Lee, accompanied by his wife, went to Howe & Hummel's law office in Centre street. He told William F. Howe that he had come to surrender himself to the police. Mr. Howe immediately telephoned Police Headquarters, and in a short time Police Captain Hasslacher of the Kast Twenty-second street station and Detective Sergeant Vallely of the Central Office called at the lawyers office. Lee was taken to the Coroners' office, where Coroner Fitzpatrick was in waiting.

Coroner Fitzpatrick held Lee in \$5,000 ball, pending the inquest on suspicion of being concerned in the actress's death. Ball was furnished by Edward Kastney of the firm of Van Tassell & Kearaey, the horse auctioneers.

Lee left the Coroners' office incompany with his wife. She sat in an antercom while the ball bond was being made out. Although Lee made no formal statement, it was learned that he told his lawyer, Mr. Howe, that he felt sure that the woman stilled herself because she was insanely jealous of his legal wife. He said that the Boothe woman had upbraided him with going back to his wife and deserting her and that they had quarrelied last Saturday night over this.

MILK DEALER FINED \$500. old Adulterated Wills—The Largest Pine Eve

Imposed for the Offence. B. Friedlander, a wholesale milk dealer at 150 Madison street, was convicted in the Court of Special Sessions yesterday of selling adulterate milk to the small dealers of the east side.

He was fined \$500, the largest fine ever imposed for the offence. Justice Jerome wished to make the man's punishment \$250 fine and imprisonment for thirty days, but was outvoted by Justices Jacobs and Hayes.

STATE RACING REPORT

COMMISSION REVIEWS THE PAST YEAR ON THE TURE.

teresting Pacts Presented to the Legislature
-- Heringt Advance in Racing and Breeding
Becomes--Grattying Evidences of a Bright
Pature Pointed Out in Convincing Terms. ALBANY, March 30 .- The State Racing Ass ciation has submitted to the Legislature its re port for the year 1897. The document is signed by August Helmont, E. D. Morgan and John Sanford, and is brimful of interesting data reating to the progress of horse racing in the State under the present system. The commis ion points to the gratifying fact that each yes shows a distinct advancement over that which preceded it, and that this improvement was par-ticularly noticeable last year. Going into de-

tails, the report states: "The decision of the Court of Appeals rendered during the past year in the case of Charles R. Grannan against the stewards of the Jockey Club and the Westchester Racing Association, referred to at more length elsewhere, forms fitting end to the series of litigations all decided in favor of honest practices and of the permanent establishment of racing upon secure and enduring foundations. That decision will enable the Jookey Club to promulgate and enforce, under the supervision of you commission, such reasonable rules and regula tions as, in its opinion, are necessary for the maintenance of the sport up to the standard contemplated by the Legislature of 1895 in the enactment of the Racing Code.

"During the year your commission issued Il-censes to the Westchester Racing Association, the Coney Island Jockey Club, the Brooklyn Jockey Club, the Brighton Beach Racing Asso ciation, the Saratoga Racing Association, and the Queens County Jockey Club to hold race meetings and steeplechase meetings for such period as they requested, within the statutory limitations. The whole number of days raced by the six associations named was 144, one day having been devoted to charity by the Westchester Racing Association, to whose gift was added the contribution by officials of their salarles for the day.
"During the year the racing associations hold-

ing licenses from your commission gave in prizes and stakes the sum of \$916,080. This sum is 1896 and \$122 627 in excess of that offered in 1895. The Saratoga Racing Association, which in 1896 did not feel justified in helding a meeting because of conditions almost exclusively

in 1896 did not feel justified in helding a meeting because of conditions almost exclusively local in character, reopened its gates last year and had a successful meeting. Your commission is informed it will give another meeting during the coming season.

"All the other associations named have issued notices of their stake features, and these in many notable instances indicate a conviction on the part of the associations that the future is bright in promise. One of the assuring tests of returning prosperity on the turf is found in the largely increased number of nominations made to these stakes. Not only is the number of horses engaged the largest since 1894, but there is an increase in the number of different interests represented. The associations not only farnish the opportunity for the development of the race horse, but, by the liberality in the stakes offered, make it possible for the breeder to seek the best blood.

"There is a gratifying increase in the amount of the State tax levied upon the gross receipts of the several racing associations. It is a pleasure to the commission to report this, as it recognizes the great benefit conferred upon our rural communities by the county and town fair associations which are the beneficiaries of the moneys thus raised. This increase in the ax necessarily follows an increased revenue to the racing associations, and while an increase in revenue does not necessarily imply any increase of net profits, it is most satisfactory in that it makes it possible for these associations to offer greater prizes for the confusion to offer greater prizes for the convention to offer greater prizes for the convention to offer greater prizes for the confusion to offer greater prizes for the confusion to offer greater prizes for the convention to only make the horse more profitable in the market, but encourage liberal and intelligent expenditure on breeding farms. It is an indication, too, of the confidence of the public, for it is only through such confidence that patronage comes.

"In hat patronage comes.
"In connection with the subject of this tax,

in the said as the office on Saintary is see. Mr. Olsen. The witness said he had frequently seen this man about the public buildings in Brooklyn.

Assistant District Attorney Clarke, who conducted the Grand Jory investigation, testified that he was unable to learn anything about the Undertaker George H. Hendereon testified that Mr. Olsen had called at his place about ten days ago, and said he was in trouble and was going to commit suicide.

Detective Sergeant Mcd on the rootber, in the floor under the desk, and the third in Mr. Olsen's heart. The revolver was old and rusty, and the police theory was that Mr. Olsen had fired the first two shots so as to make sure that the weapon was in working order. The jury returned all the series of the same sees in who did not hold an owner indicted last week by the Kings county Grand Jury for connection with the alleged conspiracy to defraud the city of Brooklyn on contracts under the old City Works Commissioner Philips, who, is indicted jointly with former City Works Commissioner Philips, who, is indicted jointly with former City works Commissioner Philips and former City Works Commissioner Pholyto Commissioner Robott W. Fielding, former Alderen of Sewers William H. Goff. Through commendant of Sewers William H. Goff. Thr

COMMOTION IN PRISON.

A False Alarm of an Escape Leads to the Kill-TRENTON, N. J., March 30.-There was a commotion in the State prison to night. At 9 o'clock a small boy shouted that a man had just jumped over the prison wall. A carriage was being driven up and down the street at this time, and when the alarm was taken up Deputy Keeper George Smith ran out of the prison gate and shouted to the driver to stop. Instead of stopping the driver whipped up his horse to escape. Deputy Smith fired, killing the horse. The two men in the carriage jumped out and ran, and Smith fired from shots at them. They escaped, leaving their hats behind.

four shots at them. They escaped, leaving their hats behind.

A general slarm was sounded in the prison, and orders were given by Keeper Moore that the prisoners should be counted in order to learn who were missing, as no one within the prison had any knowledge of an attempt to escape. The count showed that there were 1,215 men in the cells, and that none was missing. The small boy who gave the alarm had lied and the prison deputies would like to learn his identity.

The horse that was killed belonged to a Trenton liveryman, who falled to identify the hats as belonging to the men to whom he hired the animal. It is supposed the men had stolen the horse from the men who hired it. Hence their failure to surrender.

The Weather. Bainy conditions continued yesterday in the South-ern States, and in the Atlantic States and central His-sissippi Valley in the morning. There was an indica-

tion of storm development in the Gulf of Mexi where the pressure was low and failing. It was colder in the Atlantic States and warmer west of the Alleghany Mountains. Zero weather had disappeared from the Northwest, but freezing temperatures were still reported from that section and from the upper Mississippi Valley. In this city there was rain in the morning until 8:40

o'clock, after which clearing weather set in; average humidity, 72 per cent.; wind northerly, average velocity 16 miles an hour; highest official temper The thermometer at the United States Weather Bureau registered the temperature yesterday as follows

1808, 1897, 1808, 1897, 40° 45° 6 P. M. 51° 51° 51° 45° 40° 9 P. M. 48° 47° 50° 51° 18 Mid. 44° 38° WARRINGTON FORECAST FOR THURSDAY.
For eastern New York, threatening weather; rain in south portion; northeasterly winds.
For eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Dala-

ware, threatening weather and probably rain: coldar portheasterly winds.
For Maryland and the District of Columbia, rain; colder; northeasterly winds.

For western Fennsylvania and western New York,
threatening weather and possibly showers; light
mortherly winds. SALISBURY'S TWO OFFICES. rice Billio Says They Should Bet B

Combined in One Person. Special Cable Desputch to Tun five. London, March 30.-In the House of Com nons to-day Sir Charles Dilke gave notice of his

intention to introduce a motion setting forth that the conduct of the foreign affairs of the country during the past year has shown that it is not to the interest of the country that the Premiership and the Foreign Secretaryship should be combined in one person.

He asked that an opportunity be given to the

House for debating and dividing upon the mo-Mr. Balfour refused to fiv a day for the con-

sideration of Sir Charles Dilke's proposed mo-tion, but offered to name a day for debate and division if Sir Charles would formally move a vote of censure upon the Government

STOCK-JOBBING CANABD. A Report Set Going That President Mrueger

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR. LONDON, March 30,-A report was in circulation in Stock Exchange circles to-day that President Krüger of the South African Republic had been assassinated. Very little credit was given to the report and it finally turned out to be what was generally believed, an irrespo stock-jobbing canard.

GLADSTONE IN HIS GARDEN. He Passed a Pretty Good Day-A Sympatheti Despatch from Krueger.

Epecial Cable Desputch to Tan Sun.
LONDON, March 30.—Mr. Gladstone took another outing in his garden this afternoon. He passed a pretty good day. He has been much gratified by receiving a telegram from President Krüger of the Transvaal, expressing deep sympathy, and saying "I trust the Lord will support

A PIGEON BROUGHT THE NEWS It Alights on a Steamer at Sea with a Messag from La Bretagne.

and strengthen you."

Special Cable Desputch to THE SUN. LONDON, March 30,-The steamer Challerton which arrived at Swansea to-day, reports that 250 miles west of the Scilly Islands a carrier pigeon came on board having attached to it the following message:

"LA BRETAGNE, S A. M .- English sailing ves sel is successfully succored by La Bretagne. "Capt. REYNAUD." There was also written upon the paper, apparently after the writing of the foregoing, the

words: "Saved crew of Bothnia. Three of that crew killed." The steamer Castella arrived at Falmouth today towing the bark Bothnia, which was totally dismasted and had been abandoned at sea.

The British bark Bothnia, whose crew were rescued by La Bretagne, sailed from Lobos de Atuers, off the coast of Peru, for Queenstown, presumably with a cargo of guano, on Nov.5. She was reported off Queenstown on Saturday last. She was doubtless blown to the southward by the fierce gales of the succeeding days and was dismasted. La Bretagne had taken aboard about 100 carrier pigeons at Havre, whence she sailed on Saturday at noon for this port. She was twenty hours out when the pigeon with the message was liberated. The company intends to use the pigeons to bring news of their snips from the sea, especially when the ships meet with mishap, as was the case with La Champagne off the banks of Newfoundland last month.

Agent Bocande of the French line received Agent Bocande of the French line received yesterday from the President of the line, Eugene Percire, this despatch:

Carrier pigeon from La Bretagne announces proba-de delay of the steamship on account of having suc-ored crew of the British sailing vessel Bothnia. Agent Bocande says that the French line will

ENGLAND'S RIGHTS IN CHINA. The Russian Foreign Minister Says They Will

secial Cable Despatch to The Sur ST.PETERSBURG, March 30.-Sir N. R.O'Conor. ner on Saturday last at the British Embassy to Count Muravieff, the Russian Foreign Minister. Count Muravieff assured the Ambassador that Russia would respect Great Britain's treaty rights in China on the basis of the most favored nation clause. This seems to have satisfied Great Britain.

GRUENTHAL CONFESSES

He Admits That He Stole Large Quantities of German Hank Notes. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUB.

foreman of the Imperial Printing Works, who was arrested a few days ago upon the charge o stealing large quantities of imperial bank notes from the surplus printed in the printing works and circulating them with false numbers, has confessed his theft.

It is shown that Grünthal has acquired hun-dreds of thousands of marks through his ab-straction and utterance of these semi-genuine notes.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR. COPENHAGEN, March 30,-The Danish cruise Ingolf, the non-arrival of which at this port from Plymouth, England, whence she sailed on March 18, caused considerable anxiety, arrived British Cruiser Rapid Safe

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR.

LONDON, March 30.—The British cruiser Rapid, from Gibraltar March 19, regarding whose safety considerable anxiety was felt be-cause of her non-arrival, reached Plymouth to-day. The Steamship Barbadian Beached.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR.

LONDON, March 30.—The British steamship Barbadian. Capt. Highton, from Liverpool via Barbadoes for Spain, has been beached at Fuen-caliente Island to prevent her sinking. City Ticket of Hoboken Republicans. At the Republican City Convention in He boken last night D. J. Winkleman was nominated for Water Registrar. William E. Skinner for Recorder, and Peter H. Kessler for Water Commissioner.

Easter Old English Silver

Messrs. Tiffany & Co. invite an examination of their collection of Old English Silver, comprising tankards, loving cups, mugs, candlesticks, tea

The authenticity of these pieces has been established and the interesting associations of many of the objects make them very attractive for gifts at this season.

services, salvers, etc.

Tiffany & Co.

UNION SQUARE **NEW YORK**



MOSES ENAPP'S SUICIDE.

A Nephew of Sheppard Kunpp Asphyxiates

Moses Knapp, a nephew of Sheppard Knapp, committed suicide by inhaling gas yesterday afternoon at his boarding house at 317 West Twenty-eighth street.

Henry Jackson, a negro servant, smelled ga about young Knapp's door at 5 o'clock. He entered and found the young man on the bed, apparently unconscious. One end of a rubber tube that had been attached to the gas fixture lay beside his face. The servant threw the windows open and ran down to the street, where he called Policeman Hickey of the West Thirtyseventh street station. Hickey called an ambu lance from Roosevelt Hospital. Dr. McNider, the ambulance surgeon, found that Mr. Knapp

The young man's father's name was Moses Knapp. Both he and his wife died when their son was very young. Sheppard Knapp was son was very young. Sheppard Knapp was made his grardian, and until the boy's majority controlled his fortune, which is said to have been considerable. Moses Knapp was for a time a salesman in his uncle's Sixth avenue carpet store. Of late so it was said at the boarding house, the young man had not been employed. He is known to have lived irregularly for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Sheppard Knapp made arrangemental last evening for the funeral. They rangements last evening for the funeral. They declined to discuss the reasons the young man may have had for killing himself.

CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE. The Nomination of a Negro for Postmaster is

WASHINGTON, March 30.-The Senate to-day confirmed these nominations of Postmasters: New York-R. L. Leland, Clifton Springs, Penn-sylvania-George L. Holliday, Pittsburg; G. F. Young, Geitysburg; R. N. Roberts, Renovo; S. J. Matthews Olyphant; Addison Eppeheimer, Royersford; D. B Dykins, Muncy: M. K. B. Bishop, Dunmore,

The nominations of Ferdinand Havis to be Postmaster at Pine Bluff, Ark., and Thomas Postmaster at Pine Bluff, Ark., and Thomas Hughes at Tucson, Ariz., were rejected without the formality of a vote. The charges of incompetency and unfitness filed against Havis were considered by the Post Office Committee as ample justification for the adverse report made on his nomination. He is a negro. A similar report was made by the committee on Hughes's nomination upon charges affecting his business integrity.

ANOTHER VICTIM OF PTOMAINES.

George Zincke of 411 Waverly avenue, Brookyn, died yesterday morning of gastro-enteritis. in the opinion of Dr. F. Stewart of 123 Jeroloman street and of Coroner's Physician Parkhurst, his sickness was caused by ptomaine poisoning.

Zincke ate heartily of ice cream at a party on Tuesday night. He was taken ill after retiring, but went to work yesterday morning. A short time afterward he became much worse and was carried home, where he died. An autopsy will be held to-day. Zincke was superintendent of Wissner's piano factory in Brooklyn. SPECIAL POLICEMEN BOUNCED.

The Licenses of Over One Thousand Mayoke by the Pelice Beard.

It became known yesterday at Police Headquarters that the Police Board, at a meeting about two weeks ago, had revoked the licensea of all special policemen in the entire city on the ground that there were altogether too many of them and that a large number had abused their privileges. The board will begin at once to fill some of their places with more desirable men. Nearly a thousand vacancies were caused by the action of the board.

DR. SWALLOW NOMINATED. Delegation of Independents Aska Him to Rus for Governor of Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 30 .- A delegation of biladelphians met the Rev. Dr. S. C. Swallow at the Lochiel Hotel this afternoon and tendered him an independent nomination for Governor, Charles Richardson was the Chairman and spokesman of the delegation. Dr. Swallow said he would give the committee a positive answer in a few days,

WON'T CLOSE ON GOOD FRIDAY. Cotton Exchange Action in View of Disturbed Situation-Stock Exchange Will Close. Owing to the disturbed political and financial

situation, the members of the New York Cotton Exchange yesterday voted not to suspend business on Good Friday, April 8,

The Governing Committee of the New York
Stock Exchange has, however, arranged for that
exchange to close as usual on that day. Horsemen Form a Big Association Out West.

CHICAGO, March 30.—Horsemen of all grades and conditions met in convention at the Palmer House to-day and organized the National Horse Breeders, Dealers, and Exhibition Association. The purpose of the new organization will be to develop the draught and coach horse breeding interests of the country, and bring in closer touch the breeders and dealers of the United States. F. J. Berry of Chicago, who called the meeting to order, said that there is an increased demand for strong, substantial work horses. The whee has accomplished much in bringing good roads, and good roads have increased the demand for

and good roads have increased the demand for coach horses.

Col. J. S. Cooper welcomed the association to Chicago and made a strong speech in favor of less indiscriminate breeding. He pointed out that the raising of high-grade coach and draught horses is profitable to breeders. In 1897 Europe took 50,000 horses from American markets, an increase of 10,000 over 1898.

F. J. Berry was made Chairman of the convention, which was addressed by A. Von Schelle, agent of the Belgian Government; F. S. Gorton Wheston, Ili.; Alex Galbraith, Secretary of the Clydesdale Stud Book, Janesville, Wis.; H. McKinney, Janesville; J. B. McLaughin, Columbus, O.; George McKerrow, Sussex, Wis.; S. D. Thompson, Chicago, and H. A. Briggs, Eikhorn, Wis.

Wis.

It was decided to hold an annual horse show at Chicago. The following officers were elected:
F. J. Berry, President; J. S. Cooper, Treasurer, and T. Butterworth, Chicago, Secretary, No date was fixed for next year's meeting, but it will probably he held at Chicago.

THE SAVING OF SIGHT.

BY E. H. BEMIS, EYE SPECIALIST.

BY E. H. BEMIS, EYE SPECIALIST,

Absorption Treatment for the cure of diseases of the eye has been the ideal method, in theory at least, for a great many years. The difficulties in the way of applying the treatment were encoconsidered almost insurmountable, cculists continued to resort to the hinfe on every possible occasion, and thousands of afflicted people sank helplessly into combiets blindness while nothing effective was done to cure them. The discovery of a system of putting into practice the Absorption Treatment has been the means of curing thousands of patients at the Bemis Sanitarium, Glens Falls, N. Y.

Dotalled description of the treatment pursued at the Bemis Sanitarium would require a large volume. Each individual case is thoroughly studied and in the disgnosis the general health of the patient, as well as the disease directly affecting the eyes, is a factor in determining the details of the treatment in that case. Broadly speaking, the Absorption Treatment is based upon principles that have been known for many years. In its practice the knife and drug, with their attendant dangers, are discarded. We find in the Absorption Treatment the means of assisting nature in doing its own work of replacing diseased tissues with healthy tissues, and in absorbing all abnormal substances forming in or on the eyes or lids.

While I cannot and do not promise marvellous cures in all cases, the records of cases at the Sanitarium show cures of many patients who had been doomed to blindness by the verdict of skilful oculists. The Absorption Treatment involves no risk. No person has ever lost his life, or become blind, while under treatment at the Bemis Sanitarium since its opening for patients of the eye it, is of utmost importance that no

in 1893 to 1897.

In preventing blindness and in treating diseases of the eye it is of utmost importance that no time should be lost. The longer the treatment is delayed the longer the time required for a cure and the more doubt about the result. The booklet describing the origin and nature of the Original Absorption Treatment, the experiesces of persons who have been benefited by it, the tests for falling eyesight, for cataract, stc., will be sent free to any one writing to the Bernis Sanitarium, 247 Gien street, Glens Falls, N. Y.—Adv.

PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND

HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LINE AND SONA rve, and blood food.
All druggists.

WINCHESTER & CO., N. Y. CARPET T.M. STEWART 320 7th Ave. CLEANSING Established 186



Superfluous Hair on the face is embarrassing an annoylog. Dermatologist JOHN H. WOODBURY West 426 st., New York, removes it, if light by atory, if strong by electricity. Consultation free.

OBITUARY.

Percival Roberts, President of the A. and P. Roberts Company (Pencoyd Iron Works), died at his home in Philadelphia yesterday. He was 66 years old. He was born in Montgomery on the vast tracts of land owned there by the Roberts family. He came of Welsh Quaker ancestry, and was a first cousin of the late George B. Roberts, President of the Pennsylvania Rallroad. The Pencoyd Iron Works at Conshohocken, Pa., were started in 1852 by Aigernom and Percival Roberts, two brothers. Aigernom died twenty-five years ago. The iron plant is extensive, and many important contracts forbridge construction in various parts of the United States have been completed there.

Andrew Marshall, who died in Belfast, Ireland, on Friday last in his eighty-third year, was well known in Brooklyn, where he accumulated a fortune of over \$100,000 as the superintendent of a cordage factory. He was an ardent Irish Nationalist, and was so much dissatisfied with the condition of his native country that he frequently said that he would rather be hanged in America than die a natural death in Ireland. His relatives have arranged to bring his remains to Brooklyn for interment.

Charles Douglass Lord of Orange, N. J., died.

Charles Douglass Lord of Orange, N. J., died at his home in William street, in that city, yesterday morning, of apoplexy. He was born in Columbia county, N. Y., in 1826, and he leaves a widow, one son, William A. Lord, clerk of the Orange District Court, and a daughter, Miss Nellie M. Lord.

Charles A. Goewey died on Tuesday at his home, 118 Pennsylvania avenue, Brooklyn, aged 86 years. He held a place in the County Registor's office under the last administration.

Dan De Quille Bend.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30. - Dan De Quille, one of the original newspaper men of Virginia One of the original newspaper men of Virginia City, who was famous all over the coast for his stories and sketches of the Cometock lode, is dead, aged 70 years. Old Dan furnished Mark Twain with many of his best stories and was reporter on the Virginia City Enterprise when Mark worked on that paper. Dan wrote about bonanzas all his life and saw scores of millionaires made out of deep mining on the Comstock, but he died poor.

> The Pivot Clip FOR EYECLASSES.

Supersedes fixed devices to make eyeglasses stay in position. It is adjustable.

OCULISTS' PRESCRIPTION WORK, MODEL FRAME FITTING.

